# 3D 電腦斷層結合核子醫學掃描:一種加強準確定位副甲狀腺瘤的工具

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# Three-Dimensional Metabolic and Radiologic Gathered Evaluation: A Novel Tool to Enhance Accuracy in the Localization of Parathyroid Adenomas

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## **Purpose:**

The aim of this study was to assess the accuracy of a novel imaging modality 3 D-Computed-tomography together with 99mTc-sestamibi single emission computed tomography (MIBI-SPECT) image fusion allows virtual exploration of the neck in patients with primary hyperparathyroidism.

## **Materials and Methods:**

Consecutive patient presenting with primary hyperparathyroidism who underwent both thin-slice cervical Computed-tomography (CT) and 99mTc-sestamibi scanning were included. 3D-CT reconstruction was obtained using VR-RENDER, which was used to performed 3D virtual neck exploration. The MIBI scan was then fused with the 3D –CT reconstruction. Sensitivity, specificity and accuracy were assessed. The predicted position were correlated with the intraoperative findings and pathology.

#### **Results:**

3D CT-MIBI-SPECT image fusion was able to predict the exact position of the abnormal glands in 9 (90% of the patients); 10 patients underwent minimally invasive surgery, namely in 9 patients with unilaterally focused approach and in 1 patient with a bilateral approach ( two of these underwent simultaneous thyroid resection). Sensitivity for 3D-CT-MIBI-SPECT image fusion was 90%, specificity for 3D CT-MIBI-SPECT image fusion was 90%.

### **Conclusion:**

3D-CT-MIBI-SPECT showed easy to understand the exactly location of abnormal parathyroid glands and high accuracy for localization of parathyroid adenomas.